

# Features of the activities of information and analysis in the internal affairs bodies

Saidov Jasurbek Satimbaevich

Independent researcher of the Academy of the Ministry of internal affairs, Uzbekistan

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**Abstract:** The article outlines the peculiarities of the information and analytical activities carried out in the internal affairs bodies and important aspects of systematic thinking and systematic analysis in the functioning of the information and analysis system in it, and outlines ideas on the concept of systematic analysis from a scientific point of view.

**Keywords:** Information, System, Analysis, decision, Information, analytical material, Process, Analyst.

**Introduction:** Information and analytical work has always been carried out in any state and in various spheres of social life. As president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Islam Karimov noted in his book "Let honesty and self-sacrifice be the main criterion for our activities", "we are carefully studying the ways of development of the world's progressive countries. We use them by choosing those that suit the psyche, nature of our people. At the same time, we are seriously and thoroughly analyzing our history. Therefore, we are defining our path of development on the basis of the lifestyle of our ancestors and the economic achievements of advanced countries".

Information and analytical work is such a creative process, as a result of which individual facts become a finished product intended for public bodies and officials who make and execute certain decisions related to planning, control and coordination.

Information and analytical activities are dealt with to one degree or another by both representatives of the executive branch and the middle branch, as well as executive personnel. Therefore, in the current period, each employee should know the methods and means of information and analysis work and be able to effectively use them in the research of emerging situations. Ignoring or not being able to use scientific methods can negatively affect not only wasting time and effort, but also making important decisions later.

The state organics of information activities, the

establishment of the turret equipment, continuously organizes a horizontal and vertical approach to information negotiations.

At the same time, as in the case of other State institutions, if they are not State institutions, then they are not State institutions, but State institutions. Information about the Bund could have been obtained for the first time. In this regard, due to the dissemination of information in the Almazinuv region, there is an urgent need.

For example, the Ministry of Communications, Investments and Trade of the Republic of Tajikistan and the Ministry of Economy and Trade of the Republic of Tajikistan (established the council) inform about the essence of shundaka, its exchange and every negative factor related to olgan information and present the possibilities of its supply and communication in the form of billing. As a result, it is necessary to get rid of the known facts that have been investigated.

The essence of information and analytical work, firstly, the essence of country division and policy-making, for example, in decision-making by government agencies and responsible officials providing assistance. Government analysis as a form of ego recommendation. The main task of the units developing analytical documents is to correctly assess the impact of factors of the international, regional, external and internal environment on the Real and potential conditions of the country's national security.

The experience gained by humanity shows that today, when developing the right and effective measures on security issues, the ability to collect and analyze information in relation to powerful Will is more necessary.

We can observe how the importance of information increases in all aspects of life over the centuries. Previously, it had a largely oral form, but later became written. To date, we have been working through several types of information carriers, such as mechanical, mathematical, electromagnetic and the like.

We live in such a period of informatization that the potential of each people to "curb" - systemize and analyze information, which is growing every day, determines its place and position in the world community.

The concept of Information work covers the types of activities performed by an analyst-researcher who is tasked with preparing an information document . In order to effectively organize and conduct information work, it will be necessary to pay attention to the principles, stages of this work and the main factors under study, which will serve as the basis for an analytical assessment of the problem (object).

Information serves as an important basis for making management decisions, organizing events, as well as preparing proposals and recommendations (on a person, actions, organization, event).

From a philosophical point of view, information provides for the reduction or total elimination of ambiguities in thoughts that arise in our imagination as a result of the phenomenon (process) we are studying.

Information work is an activity aimed at providing officials with the information necessary in the performance of the tasks assigned to them .

Analytical work process – using analytical tools that lead to the achievement of research tasks and goals, it is the sum of thought operas that are carried out in a specific sequence .

In the conditions of significant geopolitical changes at the universal and interregional level, as well as the formation of international relations in a new system, the timely regular updating of information is one of the primary tasks facing states.

International experience shows that the potential to ensure the nationwide functioning of a thorough mechanism that provides quality information and analytical products on important aspects of national security testifies to the potential of any state to protect its international reputation and national interests. one

of the peculiarities of information and analysis activity of internal affairs bodies is the thinking of this system. In systematic thinking, the sum of events and phenomena made up of various structural elements is relevant and studied not only as an event and phenomenon organized according to the general rules of a whole, in which it is possible to predict and determine the prospects for the formation of structural elements, their quality and quantity without determining . At the same time, just like any other educational institution, this educational institution has its pros and cons, and an educational institution has its pros and cons in an educational institution.

All you can do is follow the instructions below to get the most out of your order . From this we will point out that the whole being that surrounds us are systems that have always been in contact with each other.

Another peculiarity is systematic analysis, which studies methodological and, in many cases, practical aspects and implies the use of practical methods.

In systematic analysis, the first issue is the identification of the problem itself in the context of the presence of a number of goals. The degree of importance of goals (that is, they can be multiple and controversial with each other) is determined by a systematic analyst based on the development and assessment of special criteria for solving the problem.

Despite the fact that the basics of systematic analysis are quite ancient, it itself is considered a relatively young science (for example, with cybernetics, its age can be compared). Despite its active development, the concepts and expressions that define it are not sufficiently formulated. In the ahborot-analysis activities of internal affairs bodies can be applied in any subject area, carrying out private and general methods and processes of research that include systematic analysis.

Given a tariff on systematic analysis based on the above, it can be separately determined that TT performs the following functions:

- is used in solving problems that cannot be identified and solved with individual methods, that is, these are problems associated with uncertainty of the decision-making situation, in the solution of which not only formal methods are used, but also methods for analyzing qualitative aspects, intuition and qualifications of decision-making persons;
- combines different styles with the support of a single methodology and is based on scientific views;
- combines the knowledge, thoughts and intuitions of specialists from different fields and forces them to follow a certain order of thinking;

- the main focus is on the formation of goals and objectives.

Systematic analysis serves to regulate the process of self-organization of information and analytical activities in the organization of information and analytical activities and allows you to organize the problem by accepting it as a system, ensuring that all its components, factors and environments are logically interconnected.

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