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## THE ROLE OF AMIR TEMUR IN THE HISTORY OF UZBEKISTAN AND THE WORLD

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### ABSTRACT

In this article, Amir TEMUR, a great general and patron of science, who established a great kingdom in his time, took a worthy place in Uzbek statehood and world history, and the place and role of Temur in Uzbekistan and World historiography is talked about. Some information about the fact that he left an indelible mark in history as the ruler of the state and patron of science, and about the scientific researches that studied Sahibqiran and its history in world history.

### KEYWORDS

Timurids, Timur's laws, UNESCO, Silk wool, Timur studies, Islam Karimov, Owner of justice, Owner of the world, Owner of justice.

### INTRODUCTION

The historiography and source studies of Amir Temur and the Timurids is not only a topical issue of history, but also an important process that began to be studied in the Middle Ages. The puzzling, interesting and valuable information in this regard is considered one of the topical topics that have not lost its importance in the historiography of Uzbekistan and the world. the study of culture as one of the major scientific directions of historiography has always been in the attention of scientists. Sources related to the history of the Timurids have been translated into various languages

on a global scale and scientific research has been carried out. G. A. Pugachenkova, I. Mominov, R. Mukminova, B. V. Lunin, E. V. Rtveladze, P. Zohidov, L. I. Rempel, A. Orinboyev, B. Ahmedov, D. Yusupova, who laid the foundation stone for the development of thermography at this place, O'.Alimov, T. Fayziyev, O. Boriyev, etc., served to illuminate the history of Amir Temur's reign. In 2003, academician B. Ahmedov, B. Kasimov, I. Niyazov, B. Bannopov, M. Zikrullayev, Ya. Muhammedov conducted some researches in the field of Temur studies, and "Amir Temur Bibliography" was

published. In 2010, O.Rakhmatullayeva prepared a bibliographic index titled "Amir Temur's reign", the literature published only in the years of independence in Uzbekistan was collected and classified according to fields[2] After the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Amir Temur's identity was He was completely freed from the historical injustice that served his ideology. In December 1995, the First President Islam Karimov announced 1996 as the year of Amir Temur. "The Laws of Timur" was published in several languages. Historical and cultural monuments of that time were restored and written literature was put into scientific circulation. Holy shrine - Amir Temur's mausoleum was repaired

Publications related to the study of the period of Amir Temur in world historiography, the formation of the scientific direction "Temur studies", and the creation of the image of Amir Temur in fiction began much earlier. It would not be wrong to say that this process started during the lifetime of Sahibqiran. The creators of the European Renaissance looked at his personality with great interest. "E. Gibbon, F. Schlosser, G. Weber, Jean-Paul Roux and others, among the famous foreign historians, gave information about the activities of Amir Temur in their works" .

In fact, the interest of European scientists in the personality of Amir Temur and his activities began in the 16th century. The diaries of ambassadors and the works of writers who were contemporaries of Amir Temur are considered important information in historiography, and the series of works written about Amir Temur is not interrupted until now. Today, more than 500 works of foreign researchers have been published about Amir Temur and the Timurids in 33 countries.

Amir Temur's exemplary life, the history of his reign, the study of science and culture in it, as one of the

major scientific directions of historiography, have always been in the attention of scientists. First President Islam Karimov said, "If I read Amir Temur's books, I will feel as if I have found answers to many problems of our time" [4].

In 2006, the third edition of the book album "Travel to Samarkand, in the time of Timur" written by professor Lucien Keren, the founder and president of the association for the study of the history of the art of the Timurid era, was published in Paris. This book was written and prepared for publication in accordance with UNESCO's "Silk Road - Communication Path" program. The third edition of the book shows that it is widely popular among readers, and it is a tribute to the personality of our great grandfather, great general and statesman Amir Temur. will certainly arouse interest [5].

## CONCLUSION

In conclusion, it should be noted that Sahibqiron Amir Temur, a famous statesman, a skilled commander, plays an important role in the development of Uzbekistan's statehood. It is not for nothing that Amir Temur is glorified in historical sources with the names of "Master of the World", "Master of Justice" and "Master of Justice" along with the name of Sahibkiran.

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