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ENSURING CHILDREN'S RIGHTS IN OUR COUNTRY

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ABSTRACT

Ensuring children's rights in our country, and through this, raising the growing young generation to be mature and literate citizens. Legitimate that every child's rights are guaranteed by law.

KEYWORDS

Child rights, Convention, Family Code, law, right to live.

INTRODUCTION

Children's rights are rights that every child should have, regardless of the category of human rights, race, sex, language, religion, place of birth, national or social origin, property, social status, and freedoms. In international law, everyone under the age of 18 is recognized as a child.

There are many special instruments on the rights of the child at the international and national level. The main international document on the rights of the child is the

Convention on the Rights of the Child. The Convention was adopted in New York on November 20, 1989. It consists of 54 articles, in which children's rights are mentioned. All rights included in the Convention apply to all children.

For the first time in the Convention, the child is considered as a person with rights that states that have ratified the Convention are required to "respect and guarantee". This provision shows that the child is a very

vulnerable member of society and therefore requires and deserves special protection.

According to the Convention, the child is considered as an independent person. The Convention describes the child as a person with specific rights.

"The States Parties recognize that every child has an inalienable right to life.

Participating states shall create the highest possible opportunities for the child's survival and healthy development.

The children were provided with the opportunity to live and receive education in their own family, accompanied by their parents. This is stipulated in the legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan. Section IV of the Family Code, the rights and obligations of parents and minors, Chapter 11, Personal property rights of minors, Article 65 "Every child has the right to live and be brought up in a family, to know his parents, to be cared for by them." with the right to live together with them, except in cases where it conflicts with the interests of the child.

A child has the right to be brought up by his parents, to have his interests secured, to be fully developed, and to have his human values respected.

In the absence of the child's parents or when they are deprived of parental rights and in other cases when the child is deprived of parental care, his right to be

brought up in the family is ensured by the body of guardianship and patronage.

Every child is under the protection of the state and this should be done through planning. In the 45th version of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, which is our main encyclical, it is said: "The rights of minors, disabled people and lonely elderly are under the protection of the state."

In Uzbekistan, child documents are regulated by:

Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

Family Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Guarantees of Children's Rights";

Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the acquisition of crimes";

Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Guardianship and Sponsorship";

Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Policy Regarding Youth";

Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Education";

Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On social protection of disabled people in the Republic of Uzbekistan".

It is based on the main directions of the state policy on the protection of children's rights:

ensuring the rights, freedoms and legal interests of the child;

protection of the child's life and health;

do not allow the child to be discriminated against;

protecting the honor and dignity of the child;

ensure equality of children's rights and opportunities;

improvement of the legal basis of guarantees of children's rights;

ensuring compliance with legal documents on guarantees of children's rights;

to ensure the openness and transparency of the activities of state bodies and their officials in the provision and protection of children's rights, freedoms and legal interests;

helping children to develop physically, intellectually, spiritually and morally;

training of personnel performing activities in the field of protection of children's rights, improving their qualifications and retraining them;

to educate children's feelings of patriotism, citizenship, tolerance and love of peace;

to acquaint the child with the historical and national traditions, spiritual values and achievements of the world culture of the people of Uzbekistan;

development of the child's personality, his scientific, technical and artistic creativity;

supporting children's initiatives;

formation of legal consciousness and legal culture in the child;

cooperation between state bodies and non-governmental non-profit organizations in order to ensure children's rights;

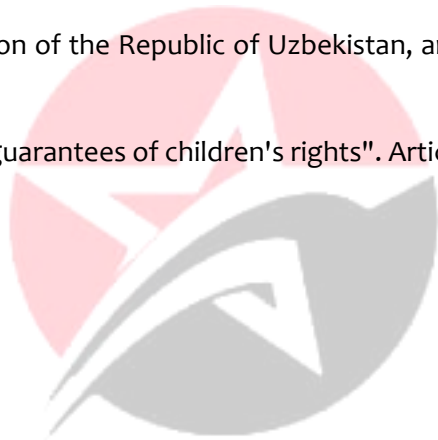
development of cooperation with international organizations working in the field of child rights protection; helping to improve children's social skills and reduce delinquency among minors. These international and national norms on children's rights created a legal basis for the formation of state policy on children's rights in our country. This policy is reflected in the consistent activities of state and local authorities aimed at creating an effective mechanism for legal regulation of relations related to the implementation and protection of children's rights. Therefore, creation of legal and organizational conditions and guarantees necessary for ensuring and protecting children's rights is one of the priority directions of state policy in our country.

A healthy generation is the greatest wealth of society.

A society that does not value the young generation can never develop perfectly and quickly. In order to entrust the future, any society should value the growing young generation and create conditions for its healthy education in all aspects.

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