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REGULATORY AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF TOURISM IN UZBEKISTAN

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ABSTRACT

In the article, further development of the tourism sector in New Uzbekistan, the republic in this regard the importance of the adopted laws, decisions, decrees and other regulatory legal documents regarding the further increase of attractiveness, effective use of tourism opportunities was discussed. It describes the legal measures and their effectiveness in New Uzbekistan aimed at effective use of the country's touristic opportunities and further improvement of its international image.

KEYWORDS

Tourism , Uzbekistan , normative legal documents

INTRODUCTION

new Uzbekistan, to further increase the attractiveness of the republic in this regard, to effectively use tourism opportunities, and to direct the income from tourism to the development of this sector. In this regard, the adopted laws, decisions, decrees and other normative legal documents have a great role in this regard,

including the state body "Uzbektourism", which implements a unified policy in the field of travel in the republic in accordance with the Decree of the President of July 27, 1992. company was established.

"Private Tourism Association" was established in Tashkent by the decision of the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 1998 in order to improve the organization of tourism and to activate the service market of small and medium-sized tourist enterprises, as well as to attract foreign investment in the field of tourism. This association works closely with more than 4,300 tourist enterprises.

Under the leadership of the company, foreign investments are attracted, modern tourist complexes are being built, and new tourist destinations are being developed. Particular importance was attached to the restoration of historical-architectural monuments, their promotion and campaigning. As a result, national tourism is consistently developing at the level of modern requirements. This network makes an effective contribution to the economic development of our country and raising its global reputation.

According to the types of tourism, we conditionally divided them into two types, depending on the place of residence and weight of the visitors. These are internal pilgrimage tourism and external tourism:

Domestic tourism - visits of persons permanently living in the Republic of Uzbekistan to tourist objects, pilgrimage sites in the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan and their organization;

Foreign tourism is the organization of visits by citizens living abroad to a second country, visiting its tourist facilities.

Therefore, in 1993, Uzbekistan became a member of the World Tourism Organization (WTO), and later became a member of the WTO European Commission, in order to effectively use Uzbekistan's tourism potential and further improve its international image. In October 2004, the opening of the representative office of this international organization in the Samarkand region within the framework of the "Great Silk Road" project created another facility for foreign travel agents to familiarize themselves with Uzbekistan's opportunities in the field of tourism.

The Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Approval of the State Program for the Protection, Preservation, Promotion and Use of Intangible Cultural Heritage Objects in Uzbekistan in 2010-2020", "Holy Shrines, Shrines, Mosques" and decisions on the effective organization of the beautification of cemeteries", "On additional measures for the protection of material cultural and archeological heritage objects and further improvement of their use", "Material cultural and "On the Protection and Improvement of Use of Archaeological Heritage Objects" and other normative legal documents related to this field are among them.

As an important normative-legal basis of the field in new Uzbekistan, that is, effective use of tourism opportunities, including in order to further enrich the regulatory legal basis of the tourism sector, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 7, 2017 "On the further development of the Republic of Uzbekistan" We can note that in the Decree No. PF-4947 "On the Strategy of Actions" special emphasis is placed on the development of the tourism sector.

As a continuation of this strategy, the development strategy of New Uzbekistan for the period of 2022-2026 and the state program for the implementation of the "Year of Human Dignity and Active Neighborhood", presented as an appendix, pay special attention to this issue. It is noteworthy that the strategy defines the measures for the rapid development of the tourism industry in the republic, increasing its role and share in the economy, diversifying and improving the quality of tourist services, and expanding the tourism infrastructure.

PF-5326 of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 3, 2018 "On additional measures to create favorable conditions for the development of the tourism potential of the Republic of Uzbekistan" and the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 7, 2018 we can note separately the decision PQ-3514 of February "On measures to ensure rapid development of domestic tourism".

President's decree of July 12, 2017 "On measures to further increase the responsibility of local executive authorities in the development of the tourism sector" and August 16, 2017 "Primary measures for the development of the tourism sector in 2018-2019" "On" is a logical continuation of the policy implemented by our state in the field of tourism. and is aimed at actively and comprehensively promoting the expansion of the income base in the world market.

In particular, the Decree of the President of December 2020 "On measures to ensure the rapid development of the tourism sector of the Republic of Uzbekistan" and "On the organization of the activities of the State Committee for the Development of Tourism of the Republic of Uzbekistan" The decision serves to make a radical turn in the field and open new pages in development.

The decision of the head of our state on August 16, 2018 "On the first priority measures for the development of the tourism sector in 2018-2019" was an important document in the further expansion of reforms in this direction.

With this decision, improvement of regulatory and legal regulation in the system and development of international cooperation, making travel to Uzbekistan cheaper, development of tourism and related infrastructure in all regions of our country, diversification of tourist products and establishment of

new tourism facilities, as well as , the first program of measures for the development of tourism in 2018-2019, aimed at active and comprehensive promotion of national tourism products in domestic and foreign markets, was approved.

In order to develop the tourism sector, the government, including the President, is gradually adopting complex decisions, decrees and state programs. In particular, in 2018 alone, 4 decrees of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 6 decrees of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 1 decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 15 decrees of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2 decrees of the Republic of Uzbekistan order and 1 joint decision of state bodies and 4 state programs were adopted. Until 2019, 14 Presidential decisions and 9 Presidential Decrees were adopted.

On December 9, 2020, under the chairmanship of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev, a video selector meeting was held to discuss the work being done in the fields of tourism and sports and the tasks for 2021. It was noted that in 2021, it is aimed to attract 1.7 million foreign and 7.5 million domestic tourists, and to increase the export of tourism services to at least 370 million US dollars. In 2021, the President noted the need to carry out about 5,000 flights for pilgrimage tourism, attract 700,000 pilgrims and ensure the export of services worth 130 million US dollars.

One of the more important legal documents, undoubtedly, on February 24, 2021, the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan " Decision on additional measures for the development of domestic and pilgrimage tourism" was announced. In the decision, the Coordination Council for the Development of Pilgrimage Tourism was established in order to establish proper propaganda in the direction of Pilgrimage tourism and provide scientifically based information about the objects of pilgrimage.

Since 2018, the "Department of Cultural Heritage" has been established under the Ministry of Culture, and in 2021-2022, it will be responsible for identifying, accounting for, protecting, preserving, scientific research, popularizing, and rationally using objects of material cultural heritage, as well as cultural a program of measures to improve the activities of the heritage department was developed.

In the "Uzbekistan-2030 Strategy" within the framework of the "Barrier Tourism" program, 1,000 persons with disabilities from each region will be organized free trips to Samarkand, Bukhara and Khiva.

The 58th goal of the strategy is called "Increasing the number of tourists by creating ample conditions for the development of external and internal tourism in Uzbekistan" and increasing the number of foreign tourists to 15 million, the number of domestic tourists to 25 million, and the number of tourists coming for

pilgrimage tourism to 3 million. , To attract private investments, to establish 30 large tourism clusters in the republic, to increase the number of guest places by at least 2 times, to build 25 ropeways in mountainous areas, to increase the number of tourism neighborhoods to 175, to export tourism services to 5 billion dollars delivery, medical and educational tourism export to 1.5 billion dollars per year.

In the 68th goal, the introduction of ecotourism, mountain, hunting and safari tourism in the water protection zones of forestry and national nature parks, mountainous and desert areas and water bodies was determined. All this confirms that the normative and legal framework for comprehensive support of the tourism industry has been created in the country.

Based on the research, it is worth noting that there are some problems in the field that are waiting to be solved, among them, the insufficient conditions for pilgrims, the unsatisfactory sanitary-hygiene and environmental conditions of many pilgrimage sites, and the lack of basic conditions there. . Also, the road networks leading to some places of pilgrimage, especially the general condition of highways, are not up to the required level, welcoming international pilgrims, providing them with service services, lack of local translators, etc. can be cited.

From the point of view of solving such problems, we considered it appropriate to put forward the following suggestions and recommendations in the dissertation:

- To provide a social, socio-spiritual, cultural and historical-ethnographic description of each tourist object of Uzbekistan from a scientific point of view, and to improve the scientific research of the place of tourist objects in the spiritual and social life of society;
- To study the tourist opportunities of Uzbekistan, to develop the necessary proposals and recommendations in terms of solving financial and economic problems related to important tourist objects;
- taking into account the interests and aspirations of the employees working in the field of tourism in the country, in order to encourage them, "The best district tourist facility", "The best regional tourist facility", "The best republican tourist facility", "The best Plans and proposals will be developed for the organization of contests such as "Good Ecotourism Facility", "Best Gastronomic Tourist Facility".

In short, according to socio-spiritual analysis, tourism is important as an object that embodies the national values, material and spiritual culture of each nation, and ultimately it is the spiritual life of the population. showed that it is an important criterion for improving the style. As this industry is considered an important branch of the developed world economy, its activity

not only serves the understanding of the national identity of the peoples of the world, but we witnessed that it opens a wide way for the development of cultural and humanitarian relations between them;

We have seen that the socio-spiritual analysis of tourism is an important component of the cultural and spiritual development of the society. It was explained by the fact that since the first years of independence, the legal and normative framework that ensures and guarantees the development of tourism, especially pilgrimage tourism, and the laws that support their development, have entered a new stage of development in New Uzbekistan.

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