American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141)

VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5.993) (2022: 6.015) (2023: 7.164)

OCLC - 1121105677







https://theusajournals. com/index.php/ajsshr

content from this work may be used under the

terms of the creative commons attributes

Journal

Copyright:

4.0 licence.

Website:

Original

O Research Article

SPORTS, CULTURE AND SOCIETY

Submission Date: November 18, 2023, Accepted Date: November 23, 2023, Published Date: November 28, 2023 Crossref doi: https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03Issue11-17

Yarasheva Dilnoza Asian International University Physical Education Department Lecturer, Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

This study was conducted to determine the impact of exemplary moral behavior in sports on the development of social character. The study was prepared as a review article by studying the necessary literature. In the modern world, the social character decreases every day. Societies acquire character when the society in which they live exhibits behaviors such as respect, love, morality, morals, and virtue. Exemplary behavior experienced in our environment is of great importance in the development of this social character. Moral behavior has a positive impact on society, especially in the sports community. Sports events are watched by millions of people in visual, written and social media, and exemplary behavior in this area is one of the important tools that influence the social character. Ethical behavior in the sports community has a major impact on society. For example, all actions of star athletes are controlled by the society and form the fan base of the star athlete. Human values arise when an athlete helps, cares for, and respects his or her injured opponent. In this context, moral and ethical behavior that has experience in sports contributes to the development of social character. Consequently, the promotion and promotion of exemplary moral and ethical behavior displayed in the sports community becomes essential for the formation of social character.

KEYWORDS

Sport, moral behavior, formation of social character.

INTRODUCTION

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677

Building Kerkerts Strate Str

Crossref d 🖸

🔮 🔀 Google 🦃 WorldCat' 🁧 Mendeley

Sports training not only improves physical and mental health, but also promotes a person's development of good manners, such as manners, manners, respect, and kindness. It is wrong to consider sports only as some kind of physical activity and sports game. Sports make a great contribution to the physical development of people, as well as to psychological and social development. Sports activities are especially important in the development of social character. In this respect, moral behavior in sports activities is of great importance for shaping the character of society.

In modern society, spiritual values are rapidly being replaced by material ones. Unfortunately, the desire to see the right behavior that we expect in society decreases every day.

In the formation of social character, significant factors are the style of production, technology, the temporal and spatial location of the society to which it belongs, climate, natural resources, language, etc. Many factors are crucial. Although the institutions of the mentor structure, such as religion, politics, education, culture, and law, are structured according to the social character, they also play an influential and formative role in the social character according to their dynamic characteristics. In addition, if the social nature and level of institutionalization do not coincide, it is impossible to turn the social structure in the desired direction by developing personal consciousness and showing initiative. When developing a social character, it is necessary to better understand the concept of morality. Moral behavior has a positive impact on the values of society. Ethics is a set of rules that define right and wrong behavior. These ethical principles tell us that our behavior is acceptable, unacceptable, or wrong. Ethics is a branch of philosophy that addresses questions about which actions are morally right and which are wrong, which is a valuable definition.

Today, sport is one of the easiest ways to develop people physically, emotionally and socially, to facilitate their teamwork, to ensure cohesion and membership in society. In addition to being a set of exercises, sport refers to a concept that helps a person to socialize, giving people a sense of personal and social identity and belonging to a group. Good behavior formed by individuals in sports activities leads to the formation of social character. Sports contribute not only to physical development, but also to physiological, psychological, personality and character development.

What makes societies national is their cultural values, preserved from the past to the present. Cultures feed on the past and are one of the important building blocks that shape the future. In the formation of cultures, there are events, programs, festivals, festivities, sports competitions that are held depending on our customs and traditions. Among such events, an important place is occupied by the sport of our ancestors – wrestling. After all, the sport left over American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677 Crossref O Sciences And Humanity Research



from our ancestors – wrestling-can be used as a means of eliminating factors that contribute to the loss of values that occur today.

This study was conducted to identify the positive impact of ethical behavior in sports activities on the character of society. The study was prepared as a review article by studying the necessary literature.

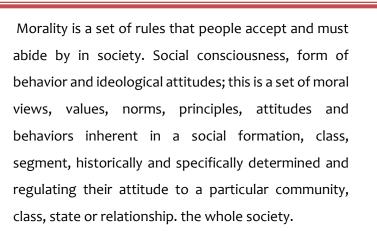
Ethics and morals

It comes from the word "Sports ethos", which means"character". The concept of "morality" derived from the ethos arises from the study of moral rules and values that relate to the ideal and the abstract. Morality is more specific and philosophical than the moral rules that are common in society. The field of interest of ethics is the study of the foundations of all human behavior and actions. Morals are generally value judgments and principles that people call good, bad, right, and wrong in their relationships with each other and with institutions. In everyday life, the concept of morality is often used as a synonym for morality. Ethics is also called the branch of philosophy that studies the basics of ethics. Ethics is also a set of ethical principles; it refers to professional ethics, principles, and rules. Moral values and principles are more universal than morality.

The concept of ethics is now found not only in philosophy or political science, but also in various academic disciplines (public administration, business administration, medicine, law, sociology, etc.).) as a set of moral principles that must be followed. many professions.. Ethics; it is argued that this phenomenon lives and develops in many areas of life, such as science ethics, Political ethics, judicial ethics, art ethics, management ethics, media ethics, sports ethics and medical ethics.

Ethics: expressing correct and incorrect criteria regarding the past and present. Moral values are aimed at increasing the social responsibility of organizations, as well as individual responsibility. The social responsibility of institutions requires commitment to society, sensitivity and integrity. Ethics is a concept that is very difficult to define today at a time when individual and social life is changing and changing at a very rapid pace, and there is a strong crisis of values. A person who exists within the framework of the social system leads a personal moral life and embodies by his actions the moral principles and values of the society in which he lives.

Morality, defined in various ways, is a philosophical science that studies in the most general sense the values, norms and rules that make up the essence of human relations. Since man is a social being, he lives in society and over time forms his own reality in each society. These truths, which can be expressed as local morality, become universal when viewed from a moral point of view. American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677 Crossref O Sciences And Humanity Research



The key difference between ethics and ethics; ethics is a field of philosophy that critically examines the question of ethics. Morality refers to the shared values and beliefs that define good and bad, and morality refers to the process of choosing and regulating right and wrong based on these moral values and behaviors.

Moral education examines the moral aspects of a person and society and examines how standards of right/wrong are developed. Ancient philosophies and religions establish the foundations of moral arguments and moral factors for restoring good in schools.

Ethics in sports

Sports are a tool that helps people develop physically, mentally, emotionally, and socially, improving their knowledge, skills, and leadership skills. Sports help people regulate themselves and deal with the psychological and physiological problems they may encounter. Today, the attitude of the media to sports, the efforts of people to relieve stress, maintain the health of their bodies, and, above all, the international success achieved in sports, are becoming very important in the daily life of society, at the level of spirituality. an important aspect of sports.

Sports ethics generally covers the sports aspects that play an important role in the development of sports, upholding their rights and responsibilities in accordance with universal values such as honesty, fairness, transparency, impartiality and respect. work on principles. Coaches who play an important role in shaping this behaviorshould adopt professional ethical coaching principles within the framework of professional ethics and demonstrate them in their behavior. However, people belonging to a professional group are expected to behave fairly, humanely, and humanely, and to demonstrate such behavior themselves by fulfilling the requirements of their profession.

Professional ethics arises as a set of principles and values that guide people to make rational choices through the study of the right and wrong behavior of a particular professional group. The most important feature of professional ethics is that professional members must adhere to specific written rules and principles of professional ethics developed individually for each profession in accordance with basic moral values such as honesty, fairness, equality and respect . In sports, the ethical behavior of all stakeholders, such as athletes, coaches, referees, and spectators,



American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677 Crossref O Google S WorldCat MENDELEY



positively influences order, respect, kindness, and integrity in the sports community.

General social personality disorder also harms sports, among other things. In sports ethics, it is the athlete, coach, manager, and fan who are the subjects of the problem and are the first to face the problem. An athlete's compliance with pre-defined rules is a normative aspect of sports ethics. But the most important thing, and the phenomenon associated with normative sports ethics, is the violation of basic social values. As the mission of sports changes and the values taken into account in sports evolve in accordance with changing values in society, the problems of sports ethics become more and more relevant. At the same time, some negative ethical violations are allowed in the sports media. Ethics violations not only undermine the credibility of the press, but also damage the sport. Discomfort in this case is also expressed by sports columnists.

Social character and personality

The concept of society can be defined in different ways. Many sociologists have also tried to define society. However, it is difficult to say whether these definitions provide a complete definition of society. Because society; is unity, opposition, matter, culture and formation originating from a particular residence. The state is a form of political organization that rigidly clings to the social organization, is formed through it and forms it. States are formed under the influence of societies, under the influence of cultures, and also have a strong influence as the main actor in the political history of the respective country. Collectivism, on the other hand, exists in societies where people are bound together by strong and rigid groups from birth, and this loyalty exists throughout life in exchange for unquestionable loyalty.

Social character; these are character traits that are usually displayed by people living in a particular society and that are common to all of them. Social character; it is a mechanism that helps shape the character of its members and guide them towards social goals. In this process, on the one hand, it determines the responsibilities, roles, and responsibilities of its members, as well as when and where they should perform them. **G**

Character development is a holistic approach that combines the ethical dimension of education with the social and civic dimensions of student life. Basic social relations and values are described and anchored in the school and society. Those who say that schools do not reinforce social values are those who fail to define the fundamentals and expectations of the education system. Education is valuable because it determines what is modeled by society or not.

Generally, the word "character" is defined as a specific behavior associated with values such as honesty, hard

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677 Crossref i Google S WorldCat MENDELEY

work, reliability, or humanity. The word character is a term used primarily in moral psychology. People agree that character shows virtue and quality. When people are said to have character, it means that they tend to do the right thing and do the right thing morally, and feel and think accordingly. Because they understand what's right and wrong, they choose what's right, even if it's bad for them in some ways. Thus, these people are defined as moral.

Human development is a complex process consisting of various basic dimensions, such as physical, mental, social, and moral development, and there is a relationship between each dimension.

Although some thinkers consider the concept of character separate from the concept of personality imposed by moral qualities, they are largely synonymous. Character is the expression of all of a person's interests, attitudes, abilities, lifestyle, appearance, and ability to adapt to the environment. In character education, the school defines the core values of the school and tries to teach these shared values and anchor them in the lives of students. A consensus needs to be reached to develop a common view on which character traits should be strengthened.

Character education is often used to describe raising children in ways that help students develop as personal and social beings. Such education includes teaching students and adolescents the values of " honesty,



kindness, generosity, bravery, freedom, justice, equality, and respect."

Social character and individual character also influence and influence each other. As a result, people who consciously accept the views developed by the social character cannot restrain and display the desired behavior if their character structure differs from the social one.

Personality encompasses the enduring aspects of a person's mental, emotional, social, and physical characteristics. In this sense, we can say that personality is the most fundamental element that determines patterns and responses regarding a person's persistent tendencies, behaviors, and relationships. In another definition, personality; it is argued that these are whole systems that determine specific thoughts and behavior of a person.

The concept of value education focuses on the education of civil and moral values in practice; the concept of "character education", which is currently used in a sense close to this concept and includes spiritual, moral, socio-cultural development, is aimed at the education of virtues, attitudes and personal qualities. In a sense, character education deals with the formation of character or the development of good habits in a child.

Socialization and culture

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677

By interacting with the economic, social, cultural and political conditions and institutions of the society in which people live; membership in this society is called socialization. The bearers of this process are not only the family and educational institutions, but also language, religion, customs, traditions, folk motifs, literary life and proverbs. People who are socialized and have a parallel character to the social, find in this process the opportunity to meet their emotional, spiritual, mental and material needs. In other words, socialization is the process of developing behavior that conforms to the norms and values that apply in the adult environment. According to another definition, socialization is a process that allows a person to follow group norms and learn them.

Playing sports is not only a physical activity, but also a process of socialization and adaptation to society. Sports are restricted by a number of rules. In addition, it requires the ability to adapt to the team according to its characteristics. Through socialization, people learn patterns of attitudes and actions, examples and ways of thinking promoted by society. Thus, socialization is a mechanism that allows a person to integrate into the social culture and adapt to the society in which he lives . Culture is like a sign that helps distinguish one society from another and represents its characteristics. For him, cultural unity is more important than racial unity or borderline unity. If a people has a culture, this nation



exists, if there is no culture or it has lost its essence, then this society has now changed its identity.

Culture is the soul of the people, the elixir of their life; it is the greatest representative of salvation and ascension. Just as the body cannot live without the soul, people with an outdated culture cannot live. Culture governs human behavior, culture is stability, and because it is dynamic, it is constantly and constantly changing. In the sociological sense, the culture of a society is primarily its spoken and written language, literature, art, science, philosophy, customs, traditions, customs, folk beliefs, customs, morals and law, values, symbols, economic understanding, rituals and rituals. This is a style of music, painting, games, sculpture, and architecture. Culture refers to the totality of a nation's spiritual values, such as language, religion, morals, and art. Culture appears in society as a product of legislation. Culture, on the one hand, regulates social life, and on the other, controls it.

Fair play in sports

Fair play is manifested in the fact that athletes show patience, consistent and conscious compliance with the rules even in difficult conditions during competitions, do not try to take advantage of the unfair shortcomings of the opponent, and see the opponent not as an enemy, but as an opponent. an equal person and partner that allows you to play the game. The concept of fair play is not a new form of American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC - 1121105677 🞖 Google 🏷 WorldCat 💦 Mendeley

Publisher: Oscar Publishing Services

Crossref doi

communication that concerns only the referee-athlete or two athletes. Fair-play is a new concept in the sports industry that directly applies to everyone involved in sports, from spectators to massage therapists, from athletes to coaches, from managers to judges. All stakeholders involved in sports must behave in a disciplined, honest, ethical, polite, respectful and tolerant manner and within certain rules. When we consider the concept of fair play in terms of human and social aspects, the goal of humanistic ethics is not to suppress human evil, but to ensure that the primary opportunities inherent in human nature are creatively exploited. When a society wants to make people virtuous, it should strive to make them creative, thereby creating an environment conducive to creativity. Fair-play should be considered not only as a concept regulating sports relations, but also as a cultural phenomenon. Obey traffic lights, stand in line, respect the rights of others, defend your rights-all these and similar actions are fair game

An example of ethical behavior in sports

Good behavior, which is a role model, is accepted by society and forces them to show such behavior. Instructive behavior that occurs in social life is a source of nutrition of a social nature. Examples of behavior reflected in the sports media are given below.

interscholastic track At an and field competition in the United States, he lost consciousness a few meters before the finish line and crossed the finish line before himself, grabbing the waist of his girlfriend, who was about to fall.

- During the race, jockey Erhan Yavuz Khalis allowed his opponent to finish the race by giving the broken tail to the horse Karatash was riding.
- Arsenal manager Arsene Wenger wanted the match, which may have been won in the FA Cup 5th round, to be postponed. Once again, Nwankwo caught a ball thrown in the street to heal Sheffield United player Lee Morris. Instead of returning the ball to his opponent, Kanu passed it to his teammate Overmars, who scored the winning goal. 10 days later, the game was repeated, and Arsenal again won 2-

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

1.

There are sources from the past to the present, such as traditions, customs, and traditions that feed social values. In the developing modern world, this traditional behavior of our ancestors began to be forgotten. Some tools are needed to protect social values and, as a result, improve the social character. Sports training not only improves the physical, mental, character and personal state, but also visually attracts a large audience. Just like around the world, sports events are followed by millions of people in visual,

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC – 1121105677 Crossref O Google S WorldCat MENDELEY



written and social media. While there are star athletes on the sports fields. Star athletes who have become idols of many athletes and people are closely followed by their followers. The exemplary behavior of star athletes also affects millions of their followers.

It is wrong to expect spontaneous social development. People shape their character by feeding on internal and external influences that affect family, school, neighborhood, and others. People with character and qualities are one of the most important elements that contribute to the formation of beautiful societies.

One of the most important factors that allow developing a social character is sports activity. Moral behavior in sports positively contributes to the development of social character. To win in the sports community, negative behavior such as greed, striving for results, cheating, or harming an opponent must be strongly condemned by the entire society. However, athletes, coaches, referees and other stakeholders in the sports community are expected to proceed cautiously. It should not be forgotten that all stakeholders in sports are monitored by a large part of society. Especially in the modern world, visual, written and social networks are widely used. Sports all actions of stakeholders are made available to the entire community as soon as possible. Sports stakeholders should contribute to the development of social character by being exemplary human models. Moral, religious, cultural values and behavioral education should be provided for the development and promotion of good behavior.

REFERENCES

- Yarasheva Dilnoza. (2023). METHODS OF ORGANIZING NON-TRADITIONAL FITNESS CLASSES. American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research, 3(11), 61–72. https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03Issue 11-09
- Yarasheva Dilnoza Ismail Qizi. (2023). TECHNICAL AND TACTICAL SKILLS IN SPORTS. American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research, 3(10), 105–116. https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03lssue
- BLISHING SERVICES
 - 3. Yarashova, D. (2023). THE IMPACT OF PLAYING SPORTS IN EARLY CHILDHOOD ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT. Modern Science and Research, 2(10), 230–234. Retrieved from https://inlibrary.uz/index.php/scienceresearch/article/view/24325
 - Ярашева, Д. (2023, April). ФИТНЕС КАК ОЗДОРОВИТЕЛЬНАЯ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТЬ. In Proceedings of International Conference on Modern Science and Scientific Studies (Vol. 2, No. 4, pp. 278-283).

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC - 1121105677

Crossref doi

- Yarasheva, D. (2022). BOLALARDA MASHQ 5. QILISHNING AHAMIYATI. PEDAGOGS jurnali, 19(1), 139-142.
- Ярашева, Д. (2023). СТИЛИ ОРГАНИЗАЦИИ 6. НЕТРАДИЦИОННЫХ ОЗДОРОВИТЕЛЬНЫХ ЗАНЯТИЙ. ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ, 19(5), 6-10.
- Yarashova, D. (2023). STRENGTH TRAINING 7. AND STRENGTH TRAINING IN CHILDREN. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 211-215.
- 8. Yarasheva Dilnoza Ismail qizi, (2023)INSONLAR, SPORT VA FALSAFA International journal of scientific researchers 2(1), 457-462.
- Azamat Orunbayev, (2023) NONUSHTANING 9. MASHQ BAJARISHGA TA'SIRI. International journal of scientific researchers 2(2), 3-6.
- Azamat Orunbayev. (2023). USING 10. TECHNOLOGY IN A SPORTS ENVIRONMENT. American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research, 3(11), 39-49. https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volumeo3Issue 11-07
- Azamat Orunbayev. (2023). FITNES VA 11. SOG'LOMLASHTIRISH **BO'YICHA** MURABBIYLIK YO'NALISHIGA KONTSEPTUAL YONDASHUV. Research Focus International Scientific Journal, 2(8), 23–28. Retrieved from https://refocus.uz/index.php/1/article/view/431
- Azamat Orunbayev. (2023). PANDEMIYA 12. DAVRIDA MOBIL SOG'LIQNI SAQLASH VA

FITNES DASTURLARI (PROGRAM). Research Focus International Scientific Journal, 2(7), 37-Retrieved from 42. https://refocus.uz/index.php/1/article/view/414

- Sirojev Shoxrux. (2023). **BEHAVIORAL** 13. CHARACTERISTICS, PRINCIPLES AND WORKING METHODS OF COACHES. American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research, 3(11), 50-60. https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03Issue 11-08
- Shoxrux, S. (2023). VOLEYBOLDA OTISH 14. TEZLIGI TUSHUNCHASI VA AHAMIYATI. Новости образования: исследование в XXI веке, 1(11), 913-917.
- Sirojev, S. (2023). THE CONCEPT 15. AND IMPORTANCE OF SHOOTING SPEED İN VOLLEYBALL. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 187-191.
- 16. Sirojev Shoxrux Fayzullo o'g'li, (2023) YEVROPA ITTIFOQI VA SPORT. International journal of scientific researchers 2(2), 7-16.
- 17. 1Akhrorjon Nuriddinov. (2023). A STUDY OF THE AGGRESSIVE STATUS OF FOOTBALL FANS. American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research, 3(11), 73-80. https://doi.org/10.37547/ajsshr/Volume03Issue 11-10
- 18. Bahodir oʻgʻli, N. A. (2023). YEVROPA MAMLAKATLARIDA YUQORI MALAKALI

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164) OCLC - 1121105677

Crossref doi 😵 Google 🏷 WorldCat' 💦 Mendeley

FUTBOLCHI VA MURABBIYLARNI TEXNIK TAKTIK HARAKATLARINI TADBIQ QILISH METODIKASI. THEORY AND ANALYTICAL ASPECTS OF RECENT RESEARCH, 2(14), 187-189.

- Nuriddinov, A., Sayfiyev, H., & Sirojev, S. . 19. (2023). WHY FOOTBALL IS THE FIRST SPORT THAT COMES TO MIND TODAY. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 200–203. Retrieved from https://inlibrary.uz/index.php/scienceresearch/article/view/24104
- 20. Nuriddinov, A. (2023). THE ROLE OF FAIR PLAY IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION. Modern Science and Research, 2(10), 244–250. Retrieved from https://inlibrary.uz/index.php/scienceresearch/article/view/24327
- Bahodir o'g'li, N. A. (2023). NIMA UCHUN 21. FUTBOL BUGUNGI KUNDA SPORT DEB ATALGANIDA BIRINCHI NAVBATDA AQLGA KELADI.
- 22. Nuriddinov Axrorjon Bahodir o'g'li, (2023) Futbol zo'ravonligi, fanatizm va millatchilik International journal of scientific researchers 2(1), 451-456.
- Saidova, M., & Sayfiyev, H. (2023). CONTENT-23. IMPORTANCE AND PRINCIPLES OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION CLASSES. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 192-199.
- Saidova, M. (2023). CONTENT-IMPORTANCE 24. AND PRINCIPLES OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Publisher: Oscar Publishing Services

CLASSES. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 192-198.

- Sayfiyev, H., & Saidova, M. (2023). EFFECTS OF 25. GYMNASTICS ON FUNDAMENTAL MOTOR SKILLS (FMS), POSTURAL (BALANCE) CONTROL, AND SELF-PERCEPTION DURING GYMNASTICS TRAINING. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 204-210.
- 26. Sayfiyev, H. (2023). EFFECTS OF GYMNASTICS ON FUNDAMENTAL MOTOR SKILLS (FMS), POSTURAL (BALANCE) CONTROL, AND SELF-PERCEPTION DURING GYMNASTICS TRAINING. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 204-210.
- Ayubovna, S. M., & Komiljonova, K. I. (2022). 27. Features of Application of Sports Games in Preschool Children. International Journal of Culture and Modernity, 16, 17-23.
- 28. Sayfiyev, H., & Saidova, M. (2023). EFFECTS OF GYMNASTICS ON FUNDAMENTAL MOTOR SKILLS (FMS), POSTURAL (BALANCE) CONTROL, AND SELF-PERCEPTION DURING GYMNASTICS TRAINING. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 204-210.
- Saidova, M., & Sayfiyev, H. (2023). CONTENT-29. IMPORTANCE AND PRINCIPLES OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION CLASSES. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 192-199.
- Xayrulloyevich, S. н. SPORT 30. (2023). GIMNASTIKA MASHG'ULOTLARIDA ASOSIY QOBILYAT (FMS), POSTURAL HARAKAT

American Journal Of Social Sciences And Humanity Research (ISSN – 2771-2141) VOLUME 03 ISSUE 11 PAGES: 152-163 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 993) (2022: 6. 015) (2023: 7. 164)

OCLC - 1121105677

Crossref doi

ref 🚽 🔀 Google 🏷 WorldCat" 👧 MENDELEY

(MUVOZANAT) NAZORAT VA O'ZINI O'ZI IDROK ETISHGA SPORT GIMNASTIKASINING TA'SIRI.

- **31.** Saidova, M., & Sayfiyev, H. (2023). CONTENT-IMPORTANCE AND PRINCIPLES OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION CLASSES. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 192-199.
- 32. Sayfiyev, H., & Saidova, M. (2023). EFFECTS OF GYMNASTICS ON FUNDAMENTAL MOTOR SKILLS (FMS), POSTURAL (BALANCE) CONTROL, AND SELF-PERCEPTION DURING GYMNASTICS TRAINING. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 204-210.
- 33. Sirojev, S., Nuriddinov, A., & Sayfiyev, H. (2023).
 THE CONCEPT AND IMPORTANCE OF SHOOTING SPEED IN VOLLEYBALL. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 187-191.
- Nuriddinov, A., Sayfiyev, H., & Sirojev, S. (2023).
 WHY FOOTBALL IS THE FIRST SPORT THAT COMES TO MIND TODAY. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 200-203.
- З5. Сайфиев, Х., & Саидова, М. (2023).
 БАДМИНТОНИСТЫ ФИЗИЧЕСКИЙ
 ПОДГОТОВКА И ЕМУ РАЗРАБОТКА МЕТОДЫ.
 Инновационные исследования в науке, 2(4), 45-54.
- 36. Xayrullayevich, S. H., & Ayubovna, S. M. (2023).
 BADMINTONCHILAR JISMONIY
 TAYYORGARLIGI VA UNI RIVOJLANTIRISH
 METODIKALARI. FORMATION OF

Build a second threads the second thread threads the second thread threads the second thread threads the second threads the second threads the sec

PSYCHOLOGY AND PEDAGOGY AS INTERDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES, 2(18), 201-208.

- 37. Nuriddinov, A., Sayfiyev, H., & Sirojev, S. (2023).
 WHY FOOTBALL IS THE FIRST SPORT THAT COMES TO MIND TODAY. Modern Science and Research, 2(9), 200-203.
- 38. Saidova Mahbuba Ayubovna. (2023).Physiological Basics of Forming Movement Skills and Teaching Sports Techniques. Intersections of Faith and Culture: American Journal of Religious and Cultural Studies (2993-1(9), 87-94. Retrieved from 2599), https://grnjournal.us/index.php/AJRCS/article/ view/1485

39.

Sayfiyev Hikmatullo Xayrullayevich. (2023). Use of Acrobatic Exercises and Their Terms In The Process of Teaching Gymnastics. Intersections of Faith and Culture: American Journal of Religious and Cultural Studies (2993-2599), 1(9), 80–86. Retrieved from

https://grnjournal.us/index.php/AJRCS/article/ view/1483