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PROTECTING THE RIGHTS OF MINORS IN THE NEW UZBEKISTAN IS THE MAIN CONDITION FOR BUILDING A JUST SOCIETY

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ABSTRACT

This article emphasizes the crucial role of safeguarding the rights of minors in the construction of a fair and equitable society in Uzbekistan. As the nation undergoes significant transformations, it is imperative to prioritize the well-being and development of its young citizens. By examining the legal framework and social initiatives aimed at protecting minors, this study seeks to shed light on the importance of their rights and the impact they have on the overall fabric of society. The article underscores the multifaceted nature of minors' rights, encompassing education, health, protection against exploitation, and access to justice. It explores the progress made in Uzbekistan's child protection efforts, including legislative reforms, institutional advancements, and community-based interventions. Furthermore, it highlights the challenges and gaps that persist, such as addressing child labor, enhancing access to quality education, and tackling gender disparities. The article argues that by prioritizing the rights of minors, Uzbekistan can foster a just society that nurtures the potential of its future generations, ensuring their well-rounded development and active participation in the nation's progress. The findings underscore the need for continued commitment from policymakers, civil society organizations, and the wider community to create an environment where every child's rights are protected, enabling them to thrive and contribute meaningfully to Uzbekistan's inclusive and prosperous future.

KEYWORDS

Child rights, lack of control or neglect of a minor, his social and legal protection, prevention of lack of control and offenses among minors.

INTRODUCTION

The intense globalization processes taking place in the world make it increasingly important to develop a more reliable system of protection of children's rights and freedoms, to protect them from various ideological attacks and aggressions, and to prevent crime among them.

In recent years, reliable protection of children's rights in our country, bringing them to adulthood as perfect human beings has risen to the level of state policy under the leadership of our President.

The main results and findings

The proof of our opinion is that children's rights, their constitutional-legal status are guaranteed in the new Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, laws and other regulatory legal documents.

New Uzbekistan is a country that takes care of young people in all aspects, strictly monitors their social and legal protection, and is determined not only to formulate, but also to implement youth policy in the country for the growing generation. According to the words of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoev: "To pay more attention to the life problems of our youth, to increase the number of modern jobs suitable for them, to support their noble

aspirations and initiatives, innovative ideas, and to improve the social and household conditions of our young generation at all levels." remains the most basic, crucial task of state agencies."

In our country, any right that is considered to be related to minors is defined by considering the life and aspirations of the child as a value. A threat to his life, in practice, means an attack on the set of rights and freedoms of the child. An example of this is the fact that such threats are considered a "serious crime".

The rights of every child such as freedom, inviolability of place of residence, non-disclosure of letters and correspondence, protection in court when their rights are violated are duly recognized.

Like all human beings, a child is born free and equal. However, in society, these rights are not only violated, but also criminally violated, therefore, the law guarantees the right of the child to freely express his opinion, to express his opinion during any court or administrative proceedings regarding issues related to his interests. A child's right to freedom of thought, speech, conscience and religion is also among the rights guaranteed by law.

The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Prevention of Misconduct and Offenses Among Minors" is of great importance in the protection of children's rights, including the prevention of violations. The law consists of Chapter 6 and Article 36, and its main purpose is to regulate relations in the field of prevention of delinquency and delinquency among minors. If the international agreement of the Republic of Uzbekistan stipulates different provisions than those stipulated in the legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the prevention of delinquency and offenses among minors, the provisions of the international agreement shall be applied.

Article 3 of this law describes the following basic concepts, including:

- minor - a person under the age of eighteen;
- prevention of lack of control and offenses among minors - social, legal, medical and other measures, aimed at identifying and eliminating conditions that allow minors to remain unsupervised, neglected, commit crimes or antisocial behavior, carried out together with individual preventive work - event system;
- a minor who is in a socially dangerous situation
- a minor who, due to the lack of control or carelessness of the minor, is in a condition that poses a threat to his life or health, or does not meet the requirements for

his provision, upbringing and education, or commits a crime or other antisocial behavior;

- a family in a socially dangerous situation - parents or substitutes for parents who are evading or failing to fulfill their obligations to provide, raise and educate minors, or who have a negative impact on their behavior or treat them cruelly family;
- unsupervised - a minor whose behavior is uncontrolled due to neglect or improper fulfillment of their obligations to provide, raise and educate the minor by parents or persons acting as parental substitutes;
- individual preventive work - timely identification of socially dangerous minors and families, as well as their socio-pedagogical rehabilitation and prevention of minors from committing crimes or other antisocial behavior;
- unaccompanied minor - an unsupervised minor with no fixed place of residence; antisocial behavior - the behavior of a minor that is manifested in the regular consumption of alcohol, narcotic drugs, psychotropic or other substances that affect the activity of the mind, engaging in prostitution, begging, as well as other behavior that violates the rights, freedoms and legal interests of other citizens - it is explained that actions.

It is one of our main tasks to protect the rights and interests of young people, to acquire modern knowledge and profession, to be alert, watchful and vigilant in relation to any dangers, harmful influences and currents that exist in today's extremely complicated times, and to ensure that they occupy a worthy place in the life of our society. Unfortunately, in some families, neighborhoods, and educational institutions, this problem is still not being paid enough attention. In the words of Sh.Mirziyoev, "Instead of looking seriously at every big and small problem in the life of our young people, finding clear practical solutions, working directly with young people, and constantly communicating, we still haven't gotten rid of the ineffective way of working".

CONCLUSION

In this regard, if every family, neighborhood, educational institutions and regional prevention inspectors work together continuously, and if every member of the society strives to accumulate high spirituality and enlightenment in the minds of young people, then surely the creators of our future will be able to solve great and complex socio-economic and cultural tasks. allows to do.

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