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The Impact of Globalization on National Values in The Information Society

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Abstract: The article analyzes the impact of globalization on national values in the context of the information society. It examines the role of information technology development in shaping the spirituality of young people, national identity, spiritual immunity, and critical thinking. In addition, the article substantiates the priority directions for preserving national and religious values and promoting their development within the modern information environment.

Keywords: Information society, globalization, national values, spirituality, information, youth, spiritual immunity, national identity, education, technology.

Introduction: In the 21st century, the rapid development of information and communication technologies and globalization processes are exerting a profound influence on all spheres of social life. These processes also significantly affect an individual's worldview, social relations, spiritual life, and understanding of national identity. In particular, one of the most pressing tasks today is to foster independent thinking, critical thinking, and spiritual immunity in the minds of young people, based on national and religious values. This, in turn, serves to cultivate an awareness of responsibility toward the homeland, nation, family, and society, as well as a conscious attitude toward the history and future of the country. 1

METHODS

Systematic approach, comparative analysis, source science, historical and logical analysis methods were used in the research. Scientific literature, monographs and articles were studied, the impact of information society and globalization on national values was analyzed and summarized from a scientific and theoretical point of view.

RESULTS

Globalization and national values

Globalization, along with expanding economic, political, cultural and information relations between states, also affects the system of national values. As A. Ergashev noted, globalization directly affects national and spiritual security and creates new changes in the system of values of society [2]. From this point of view, preserving national identity, preserving spiritual heritage and harmonizing national values with modern development are becoming important tasks.

M.A. Yuldasheva noted that globalization and technological development have a significant impact on the preservation of national values and the education of young people [3]. The increase in various information flows in the modern digital environment can have both positive and negative effects on the consciousness and worldview of young people. Therefore, the formation of information culture, critical thinking and spiritual immunity in young people is of great importance.

Features of the information society

In the information society, knowledge and information appear as the main strategic resource. In it, social development is directly related to the processes of creating, storing, processing and distributing information. In the "Encyclopedia of the Family" the information society is described as a society in which the majority of workers are engaged in the production, storage, processing and distribution of information, especially knowledge, which is its highest form [8].

According to M. Yaqubova, the information society is a specific stage of the development of man-made civilization, in which knowledge, information and information technologies are the main driving force of the development of society [11]. This creates a new model of economic, social and cultural development.

Academician S. Ghulomov also emphasizes that the majority of the population in the information society is engaged in the production, processing and effective use of information and knowledge [10]. Therefore, in the information society, human capital and intellectual potential become the main criteria of development.

The impact of informatization on national values

Informatization creates broad opportunities for the promotion and preservation of national values. The Internet, electronic libraries, digital archives and social networks make it possible to bring national cultural heritage to the public.

At the same time, the strengthening of the influence of mass culture in the global information space can in some cases lead to the weakening of national traditions and spiritual values. Therefore, the rational use of information, the protection of national interests and ensuring information security are urgent tasks. As noted, in an information society, knowledge and information are the main sources of social development [12]. In this context, it is important for national values to occupy a worthy place in the digital space.

DISCUSSION

Values are a set of spiritual, moral and cultural criteria that are of great importance in the life of a person and society. It is through values that a person distinguishes between good and evil, forms his life position and social responsibility. N. According to Rakhimova, the balance between religious values and secular principles is one of the important factors ensuring the stability of society [4].

As R.B. Khojiev notes, human honor, dignity, and freedom are considered among the most important values in society [5]. Therefore, the harmonious development of human rights and national values holds great significance in a democratic society.

M. Bekmurodov and N. Yusupova specifically highlight the enduring nature of spiritual values [6]. O. Musurmonova, meanwhile, characterizes spirituality as the primary factor that connects generations [7]. These perspectives further underscore the strategic importance of national values in the development of society.

As S. Otamuratov points out, a fundamental study and analysis of globalization processes—and their evaluation from the standpoint of national development—are of both theoretical and practical importance for the country's future [13]. Consequently, alongside the effective utilization of the opportunities presented by globalization, the preservation of national values remains a priority task for both the state and society.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the information society and the processes of globalization exert a dual influence on national values. On one hand, they create new opportunities for the broad promotion and preservation of national culture, history, and spiritual heritage; on the other hand, they pose certain risks to national values through mass culture and the influx of information. Therefore, fostering independent thinking, information literacy, critical thinking, and spiritual immunity among the youth—as well as safeguarding and developing national and religious values within the modern information space—is an essential prerequisite for sustainable development.

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