

Neologisms in Newspaper Text

Kallibekova Gulnara Palbekovna

Docent of Karakalpak State University, Doctor of Philosophy in Philological Sciences. PhD, Uzbekistan

Received: 20 March 2025; **Accepted:** 16 April 2025; **Published:** 18 May 2025

Abstract: The article analyzes neologism words entering the Karakalpak literary language. Neologism states that words have been largely identified by the formal message genre as processes of collation in other genres. International terms and neologism are compared in a number of examples of words.

Keywords: Neologism, genre, journalism, publicism, news, newspapers, languages, foreign languages.

Introduction: Among the information genres, the most relevant is the news genre. And the genre of official communication provides official information. The types, significance, language, and style of the genre have been extensively studied by scholars. In particular, Mukhtar Khudaykulov also has a number of works. In the section "The World Reflects in News" of his book "Journalism and Publicism," he explains the main content of the news well: "News encompasses all aspects of social life - socio-political, economic, industrial, and cultural-spiritual. There is not a single aspect of human social activity that is not expressed in this genre." [1] Explanations were given to both official and unofficial (simple, everyday) news. Official reports are usually issued by official agencies and through news agencies. Unofficial reports are prepared based on reports written by correspondents, letters received by the editorial office, and press materials. [2] In the mass media, official reports mainly cover the President's official visits, the content of new laws, decrees, and resolutions. Newspapers such as «Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan», «Qaraqalpaqstan jasları», «Qaraqalpaq ádebiyatı», «Qaraqalpaqstan mádeniyatı», «Qaraqalpaq sportı» («Tourism and sport»), «Qaraqalpaq universiteti» are actively participating in this process. We have analyzed the language and style of official news materials in these newspapers using a number of examples. It can be noted that the process of the entry of neologisms into our language is also connected with the genre of official news. Another distinctive feature of official news is the introduction of international terms and neologisms

into the Karakalpak literary language. We can highlight the equivalents of some of these lexical units in the official report, but some have to be accepted in this form. For example, in the official news "Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Measures to Raise the Involvement of Youth in Mass Sports in Mahallas to a New Level" (newspaper "Tourism and Sport," March 19, 2022, No. 12), 25 lexical units borrowed from foreign languages were used. Specifically, final, federation, association, investor, selection, sector, certification, category, rating, motivation, booklet, banner, creative, video, seminar, certificate, veteran, team, club, infrastructure, object, budget, broadcast, process, media. The following example: In the official report on the topic "Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on measures to create a school of sports mastery in gymnastics of Oksana Chusovitina" lexical units borrowed from other languages are used from 18 titles. For example: perspective, parameter, process, professional, form, standard, tactics, team, reserve, status, contingent, normative, product, implementation, charter, estimate, expert review, assembly.

The daily press regularly reflects the life of various spheres of society. In addition to articles prepared by journalists, articles will also be published by specialists in the field. If we pay attention to their style of contextual expression, there are neologisms. For example: "At the same time, internet classrooms equipped with modern computers, electronic reading rooms, and Wi-Fi zones at the center are providing

great assistance to young people in acquiring in-depth knowledge and familiarizing themselves with world sciences" ("Qaraqalpaqstan jasları" 2023.23.02. No. 7-8) "Young Scientist Intends to Study the Transformation Between Russian and Karakalpak Languages" ("Qaraqalpaqstan jasları" 2023.05.01. No. 1). "The gallery of the era appears before our eyes in the line by Saginboy Ibragimov "The seed stuck in the pit" ("Qaraqalpaqstan jasları" 2023.05.01. No.1). "At the end of the briefing, the event participants got acquainted with the work of the central laboratory and water distribution station of the limited liability company "Karakalpak water supply," receiving a broad idea of how to provide the population with clean and safe drinking water" ("EQ" 12/30/2023. No. 156) Neologisms are found in the titles of articles prepared by specialists in the newspaper language. As an example, we can cite the article "Nostrification - what is it?" in the section "It's good that you know." "I've been carried away by emotions, and now I'll continue writing about the exhibition. The white kiymeshek and white jegde complement each other, adorning the display window as if sharing life experiences with others, symbolizing the wisdom and wisdom of our elderly mothers" ("Qaraqalpaqstan jasları" 2023.12.01. No. 2). Words like "WiFi zone," "transformation," "gallery," "nostrification," "window," and "briefing" have recently entered the Karakalpak literary language as neologisms. The newspaper "Qaraqalpaqstan jasları" has made a special contribution to the development of the Karakalpak literary language. Because it can be noted that there are several units in journalistic articles published in newspapers that contribute to the enrichment of our lexicon.

The peculiarities of the use of foreign words in newspaper language. "All employees at the point are trained in IT PARKS and have the skills to work with computer equipment" ("EQ" 2024.23.04. No. 48). The leaders visited a pavilion organized under brand "Made in Uzbekistan" ("EQ" 2024.23.04. No. 48). "In our country's media landscape, the volume and speed of information flow, the number of internal and external forces, and the facts of fake news, manipulation, and disinformation are increasing" (EQ, 20.04.2024). No. 47). The words "IT-PARK," "Made in Uzbekistan," "fake news," and "dezinformation" from the examples entered our language through a foreign language. Such words can be found in almost every text. Foreign words are widely used in article texts. For example: "The Mobile-ID system" provides for the identification of users of the "Electronic Government" system, the identification of a citizen through their mobile phone number." At the same time, identification of a person using the Mobile-ID system is carried out at the citizen's

request by the state services center or notary office, or through the mobile application of the Unified Interactive State Services Portal. "When a citizen uses the mobile application of the Unified Interactive State Services Portal, a remote biometric identification (Face-ID) method or an electronic digital signature on their ID card is used to obtain identification using the Mobile-ID system" ("Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" 2023.24.01. No. 7) The plenary session was broadcast live via the Senate's YouTube channel" (Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan, August 8, 2023, No. 91-92). "In particular, new institutions have been introduced into the judicial process, such institutions as reconciliation, preliminary hearing, mediation, as well as the legality and validity of court decisions have been improved" ("Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" August 8, 2023, No. 91-92). The "Business Breakfast" event brought entrepreneurs together. (Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan, August 8, 2023, No. 91-92) The following terms were used in the articles: Mobile-ID system, mobile phone, portal, mobile application, identification, Face-ID, ID-card, YouTube, mediation, Business Breakfast. These lexical units are presented in a concise form in newspaper language for the purpose of explaining to the general public.

In issue No. 1 of the newspaper "Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" dated January 6, 2022, in the section "On the Paths of Science", an article by Arzi Pazilov was published under the title "A scientist devoted to his profession, an experienced teacher." There are neologisms in this article. News in various spheres of society is widely discussed in the press. In particular, journalists and specialists in this field prepare articles about ongoing research in the field of science. The above-mentioned article provides information about the scientific works of a scientist who worked fruitfully in the field of science. The article tells about Doctor of Pedagogical Sciences Djumasheva Gulnara Khamidulla qizi. He talked about her achievements in science, scientific works, mentors, students and family. Neologisms were used to convey innovations and achievements in the field. For example: "He set himself the goal of drawing important conclusions regarding the development of Karakalpak language communication skills in preschool and primary school-aged children under the conditions of bilingualism, as well as providing relevant recommendations." In this example, we can see a word not previously encountered in the Karakalpak literary language. This word is also considered a new lexical unit for newspaper readers. The word "bilingualism" in the text is one of the neologisms specific to the field of education. Such neologisms presented in the press enrich the language's lexicon. Thus, neologisms are assimilated into our language through their repeated use in articles published in regular newspaper

headings. For example: "To achieve the goal, it was possible to improve the pedagogical and psychological capabilities of developing children's speaking skills in the Karakalpak language in preschool institutions and primary grades of general education schools under the conditions of bilingualism, to ensure linguodidactic and pedagogical diagnostics of the methodology of teaching Karakalpak to children studying in Russian, to identify a model for the formation of children's speaking skills in the Karakalpak language under bilingual conditions, a number of components."

Use of foreign words in newspaper headings. The article entitled "For the first time in our capital" in the section "Digital Forum Karakalpakstan – 2024" was prepared by the author G. Saparova. In the "Festival" section, a report titled "Let's Appreciate Interethnic Harmony" was prepared by the Karakalpakstan News Agency. In the "Action" section, a message titled "I Will Gift a Book to My Child" was prepared by D. Joldasbayeva. Seminar-training "Women's Entrepreneurship" ("Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" 2023.24.01. No7) was prepared under the authorship of journalist Z. Erekeeva. The names of these sections are indicated based on neologisms.

Using foreign words as a topic. We encounter them in newspapers outside of context, in lines given as headlines and sections. For example: "An online citizen reception was held" ("Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" 2023.24.01. No7) was prepared by the Karakalpakstan Information Agency. "Help Was Provided Through a Subsidy" ("Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" 2023.14.02. No16) was authored by K. Abibullayev. "Central Asian Inter-Parliamentary Forum: Mutual Trust in the Region Will Be Strengthened" ("Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" 2023.14.02. No16) was prepared by Uzbekistan Information Correspondents. The words "online," "subsidy," and "forum" in the examples are foreign words and are becoming increasingly popular through the language of newspapers.

Neologisms in an interview. "Man. Society Law" section "Counterfeit goods. What is this? (EQ, 14.03.2024) An interview was given on the topic No32. For example: "The Ministry of Justice, in cooperation with other government bodies and organizations, is holding a counterfeit-free month throughout the country" ("EQ" 14.03.2024). No. 32. "Today, the most frequently violated intellectual property rights in our country, as well as worldwide, are trademark rights. That is, the production of goods using someone else's brand without permission" ("EQ" 2024.14.03. No. 32. Neologisms were used as follows: counterfeit goods, counterfeit moon, counterfeit product, brand.

Neologisms in the road sketch. "Fergana Impressions"

(From the Journalist's Travel Notebook) ("EQ" 01.09.2018). In the road sketch on the topic No4), that is, in its leading texts, neologisms are used. For example: December 17-24, 2017. In Fergana, the Creative Union of Journalists of Uzbekistan, the Public Fund for Supporting NGOs and other Civil Society Institutions under the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the regional administration, and the Uzbekistan Republic Commodity Exchange organized the VII traditional Chimgan Educational Media Conference on the topic "Action Strategy: Progress of Reforms and Mass Media." No. 4). More than 100 journalists from Navoiy, Bukhara, Samarkand, Andijan, Namangan, Fergana, Tashkent regions, and the Republic of Karakalpakstan participated in the training media camp. No. 4). After this, the seminar participants took part in the opening ceremony of the photo exhibition of famous photojournalists Sh. Karabaev and M. Kadyrov "Scenes of Life in the Objective" at the Regional Museum of Local Lore ("EQ" 01.09.2018). No. 4)."

We will pay attention to the neologisms used in regular newspaper sections, special sections, and headlines.

The newspaper "Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" published a congratulatory message from the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Shavkat Mirziyoyev, titled "To Railway Transport Workers!" on August 8, 2023, in issues 91-92. We pay attention to the neologisms in the text. For example, large industrial enterprises equipped with modern technologies have been built, wagon production, and the modernization and repair of locomotives, freight, and passenger cars have been established. "Today, our country, as a country with modern transport communications and high transit potential, is rightfully proud of the fact that it has become an important hub of international railways connecting East and West, South and North." "We all understand very well that we still have a lot to do in modernizing our country's railway system, implementing large and promising projects with the broad attraction of foreign investment in the industry, as well as training modern personnel who think in a new way and faithfully serve our Motherland." Here, we consider the words "locomotives," "modernization," "transit potential," "investment," "promising projects" as neologisms. These words were not previously found in our dictionaries. In the information age, these new words have entered our literary language. In newspaper language, we observe neologisms in every genre. Because in a developing era, new words enter our language in connection with every field, and the scope of word usage also expands.

In the "Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan" newspaper's "Thoughts after the "Golden Pen-2023" competition" section, we

focus on the neologisms used in the article “In the Stream of Joyful Moments.” For example: “It is difficult to put into words the excitement of creative people when winners begin to appear in each nomination” (“Erkin Qaraqalpaqstan,” 03/23/2023). No. 58) “Over the past 99 years, countless talented journalists have worked for this newspaper, and the publication certainly occupies a worthy place among the people,” says K. Bainiyazov, looking with admiration at the “Golden Pen” statuette that he holds in his hand. No. 58) The words “nomination” and “statuette” in the examples have become popular in our literary language due to their frequent use in the media.

The article entitled “Reforms serve the well-being of the people” in the newspaper “Erkin Karakalpakstan” was prepared by Dawit Abibullaev, a columnist for the Karakalpakstan Information Agency. The article contains neologisms that are part of our socio-political vocabulary and are often used. For example: “All the noble work being carried out is aimed at creating decent living conditions for the region's population, further improving the infrastructure of mahallas and, as a result, creating all the opportunities for a prosperous life for the population” (“EQ” 12/10/2023. No. 122) The article “A school building has been put into operation in the Karaozek district” prepared by the Karakalpakstan information agency was published in the “Erkin Karakalpakstan” newspaper in the “Education” section. For example: we got acquainted with the conditions created for students in the new school building built in the New Uzbekistan housing estate (EQ 12/10/2023. No. 122) In these examples, the words “infrastructure” and “massive” have entered as neologisms. Recently, the language of the newspaper can be found in almost every language of the media.

Thus, when we read newspaper materials, we find that many neologisms enter our language. Whether it is an official announcement or a report, we encounter foreign words in all texts and newspaper headlines.

The front page of the newspaper publishes official news, laws and official congratulations. These texts contain new terms, neologisms and foreign words. Such neologisms are gradually integrated into the literary language through repeated use in the text. For example, in the newspaper “Erkin Karakalpakstan” dated August 8, 2023 No 91-92 published “Information on the forty-third plenary session of the Senate of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan.” “The legislation defines the activities of service providers in the field of mining and turnover of crypto assets, and notes that these types of activities are carried out on the basis of licensing and permitting procedures.” The types of service providers defined are crypto exchange, mining pool, crypto depository and crypto store. In this

regard, the laws “On State Duty” and “On Licensing, Permitting and Notification Procedures” are being supplemented and amended to provide for the definition of new types and subtypes of licensed activities (crypto-exchange, mining pool, crypto-depository and crypto-shop), as well as mining activities carried out on the basis of a permit document. In addition, an amendment has been made to the Law “On State Duty” providing for the introduction of a state duty for legal entities receiving a license to operate as service providers in the field of crypto-asset turnover, as well as granting the National Agency for Promising Projects the authority to determine its amount and payment procedure. Neologisms include words such as mining and turnover of crypto assets, provider, crypto-exchange, mining pool, crypto-depository and crypto-shop, mining activity, promising projects.

One of the industry newspapers of Karakalpakstan is the newspaper “Qaraqalpaqstan sporti.” The newspaper highlights a number of decisions taken in our country regarding the further development of sports, as well as the main tasks set out in the designated points. English terms are often used in the language of official communications. The newspaper began publication on November 27, 1997. The newspaper's motto: “Sport is the ambassador of peace.” Ministry of Sports Development of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, editorial staff. Editor-in-chief Allanazar Abdiev. The May, June, July and August issues of the newspaper, which covers sports news, set out the contents of a number of resolutions on the further development of the industry. The newspaper is published once a week in A3 format, with a circulation of 890 copies. Issue 23-24 of the newspaper dated August 5, 2022 published: “Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on measures for the further development of taekwondo (WT).” The resolution outlines measures for the further development of taekwondo (WT). However, a number of neologisms were productively used in the language of the narrative. For example, one of the tasks defined in the resolution is stated as follows: “taekwondo, direction “Pumse” (poomsae), Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA), project “Kids taekwondo,” level “G2,” international tournament “Uzbekistan Open.” Therefore, it should be noted that sports news in national and industry newspapers is one of the genres that popularize neologisms characteristic of sports.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, in journalism, issues of language and style, oratory skills, analysis and editing of media texts should be carried out in accordance with the theory

and practice of media linguistics. In this section we have analyzed neologisms found in the language of the official communication genre, neologisms in the interview genre, neologisms in editorials, neologisms in essays, neologisms found in newspaper columns, neologisms found in newspaper headlines. Among them, a wide use of neologisms was revealed in the genre of official information published on the title page of the newspaper. It is also found in other genres of journalism, but first it is presented in the text of an official report, and then it is popularized, moving to other genres. Neologisms in newspaper texts improve the lexical fund of the Karakalpak literary language.

REFERENCES

Машарипова Т. Публицистика теориясының бир пүтин концепциясы: илимий-методологиялық анализ. (Қарақалпақстан баспасөзи материаллары мысалында). – Т.: «Mumtoz so'z», 2016.

Marziyayev J.K., Kallibekova G. Media tili ha'm stili. O'quv qo'llanma. – Tashkent: Metodist Nashriyoti, 2023. – B. 124.

Пирниязова А.К. Қарақалпақ тилиндеги перифразалар // Ҳаял-қызлардың илимдеги орны (2008-жыл «Жаслар жылы»на бағышланады) Республикалық илимий-әмелий конференция материаллары. – Нөкис. 2008. – Б. 55-56.

Пирниязова А.К. Бердақ шайырды тәрийплеўши перифразалар // «Бердақ – классикалық әдебиятымыздың бийик шыңы». – Нөкис: «Qaraqalpaqstan», 2017. – Б. 121-125.

Pirniyazova A., Kallibekova G. Journalist do'retiwshiliginde perifrastalardın' xızmeti. Ilim hám jámiyet. 2023, № 2. – B.80-83.

Каллибекова Г.П. Газета тилинде шахсты аңлатыўшы перифразалар. Глобалласыў процессинде ғалаба хабар қуралларының роли атамасындағы халықаралық илимий-әмелий конференция мақалалары топламы (26-май 2022-жыл). – Нөкис. – Б. 150-153.

Kallibekova G.P. The role of paraphrases in the work of a journalist. International Scientific Journal. Theoretical and Applied Science. Philadelphiya. 2023, № 1 (117), – B. 384-390.

Kallibekova G.P. The language use of the Daily press is one of the main tools that improves the literary languages. American Journal of Science and Learning for Development. 2023, № 2 (February), – B. 52-58.

Худайқулов М. Журналистика ва публицистика. – Тошкент: «Tafakkur», 2011. – Б. 145.