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## FEATURES OF PRODUCTION DEVELOPMENT BY REGION IN THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

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### ABSTRACT

The article describes the development of industrial production in the Republic of Uzbekistan. Statistical data on the development of this sector in recent years is provided. The factors influencing the development of production are studied and proposals are made to improve the efficiency of industry.

### KEYWORDS

Industry, regional development, economic zones, investment in industry.

### INTRODUCTION

Industry plays a very important role in the economy and employment. In order to create the necessary conditions for industries, 19 free economic zones and more than 400 small industrial zones have been created in recent years, and 10 trillion soums have been allocated for their infrastructure. 3 billion dollars of financial resources have been allocated to turn such industries as textiles, chemistry, construction materials, leather, pharmaceutical, electrical industries into "drivers". To provide raw materials to industry,

geological exploration has been tripled and more than 600 new fields have been discovered.

As a result, over the past five years, the number of industrial enterprises has doubled to 100 thousand, and the production volume has increased 1.4 times.

Between 2017 and 2022, the share of industry in GDP increased from 21.1% to 26.7%. This was facilitated by the steady growth of industrial production, which amounted to 141.3% over the period. [6]

The manufacturing sector of industry grew at a faster pace, growing at 147.4% over the period. In addition, the electricity, heat and gas supply sector grew at an accelerated rate of 139.2% and the mining sector at 130.4%. [1]

Uzbekistan's industry is based on the manufacturing sector, which occupies 83.2% of the industry. This is a positive result of the implementation of comprehensive programs for the development of industries aimed at expanding the production of products with high added value, increasing the degree of processing of raw materials, introduction of modern technologies.

The qualitative shifts in the structure of industry are also evidenced by an increase in the share of medium-high-tech industries - from 52.7% to 61.7%. This indicates an increase in the scale of production of goods with high added value, which are in demand in both domestic and foreign markets.

For example, the production of Portland cement increased by 1.3 times during this period, lead batteries - by 1.4 times, automobile engines - by 2.5 times, passenger cars - by 2.3 times, refrigerators and freezers - by 3.7 times. [5]

The development of industry has a positive impact on the development of regions. In particular, such new industries as construction materials, automobile manufacturing, food industry appeared in Jizzak. 220 projects on construction materials were launched, the

share of this industry in the region's industry exceeded 20 percent.

Nineteen large metalworking projects have been implemented in Samarkand, Syrdarya, Namangan and other regions. In 54 new small industrial zones established in Namangan, products worth 3 trillion soums will be produced in 2022.

Over the past three years, the volume of production in the chemical industry has increased by 1.5 times and exports by 2 times. [4]

In the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, dated 11.09.2023 № UP-158 - On the Strategy "Uzbekistan - 2030" noted that it is necessary to transition to a green economy, a cardinal increase in the use of renewable energy as its basis; uninterrupted supply of sectors of the economy and the population with the necessary energy resources. Efficient use of local raw material base and development of industry based on advanced technologies. Development of "driver" industries and full utilization of the industrial potential of the regions. Further increase of investment attractiveness of the country and accelerated development of the securities market. Deepening integration of the Republic of Uzbekistan into global transport and logistics networks and increasing the potential of the national transport system; consistent transfer of monopoly spheres to market principles, increasing the share of the private sector in the economy, creating the most favorable conditions for the free activity of entrepreneurs; a

sharp increase in the level of crop yields and profitability in agriculture; strengthening the export potential of the national economy and a cardinal increase in the share of products with high added value in its composition; increasing the share of products with high added value in the national economy. [1]

1,264 projects will be launched in industrial zones. An important task is to ensure the launch of the 6th hydrometallurgical plant in Navoi region and the 3rd copper processing plant in Almalyk, a modern foundry in Andijan region and a cluster of agricultural machinery in Chirchik. The tasks on expansion of production cooperation, implementation of localization projects worth 6 billion dollars, timely launch of about 3 thousand projects included in regional investment programs were set. In general, it is indicated that this year, using all reserves, it is possible to increase industrial production by 14 percent. [1] At the same time, in some regions the results do not correspond to the opportunities. In particular, industrial growth in Navoi, Bukhara and Tashkent regions in 2022 was below expectations. In the Republic of Karakalpakstan, Jizzak, Kashkadarya, Surkhandarya, Fergana and Khorezm oblasts, the level of yarn processing remains low. In Namangan, Samarkand and Navoi, the potential in the production of food, leather and footwear products and furniture is underutilized. [3]

The development of industry is promoted, first of all, by investments and their increase in this industry,

utilization of reserves. Industry should be provided with new opportunities and additional financial resources. First of all, for financing of enterprises it is necessary to revise the banking norms, granting privileges at crediting of enterprises, as an additional source of investments to each district.

The second opportunity is the expansion of existing economic industrial zones and financing of large investment projects. The possibility of creating branches of profitable free economic zones for further development and expansion of industrial enterprises of the zone. [4]

Third, the provision of tax benefits, subsidies and preferences.

Fourth - granting preferences to manufacturers of carpets, home textiles, leather and jewelry in the regions of industry with this direction. For example, allocating preferences for various projects, providing customs privileges for imported raw materials, tax and banking privileges.

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