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ENSURING THE INTEGRITY OF LEGAL EDUCATION AND UPBRINGING IN ENHANCING LEGAL AWARENESS AND LEGAL CULTURE IN SOCIETY

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ABSTRACT

This article discusses ensuring the integrity of legal education and upbringing in enhancing legal awareness and legal culture in society. An important aspect of the decree is that the existing shortcomings in this area are listed one by one. As noted in the document, we can not say that today the population has a comprehensive approach to the work of instilling respect for the law and the rules of ethics, intolerance of crime. Insufficient efforts to inculcate the idea of maintaining a balance between personal and public interests have a negative impact on the rule of law.

KEYWORDS

Person, family, community, educational institution, organization, society, law, impact.

INTRODUCTION

One of the important conditions for building a democratic state governed by the rule of law and civil society in Uzbekistan is the creation of a system of practical guarantees to ensure the basic rights and freedoms of the individual and the protection of human rights. The building of a democratic state based on the rule of law and the development of society depend on the level of education and legal literacy of

the younger generation. A necessary condition for building a state governed by the rule of law and civil society is the unconditional observance of laws. Uniform and unconditional implementation of the law depends on the attitude of our lawyers to their duties and a sense of responsibility [6.34].

Today, reforms are being carried out in the country to build a democratic state based on the rule of law and civil society. Ensuring the rule of law, which is one of the most important features of a democratic state based on the rule of law, and educating a harmoniously developed generation with a high level of legal awareness and culture are at the heart of these reforms.

THE MAIN FINDINGS AND RESULTS

In order for the good work being done in the Republic of Uzbekistan in the interests of young people to result, to have a high level of spirituality and enlightenment from the younger generation, so that our great ancestors and future generations can faithfully fulfill their duties to their ancestors, a high sense of responsibility is required, such as a sense of belonging to history and, of course, the fulfillment of a constitutional duty. To do this, of course, they need to develop concepts such as legal consciousness and legal culture. I think that through the correct and systematic organization of teaching legal sciences, we will achieve the desired results.

Raising legal awareness and legal culture in society is one of the most important conditions for ensuring the rule of law and strengthening the rule of law.

In recent years, significant work has been done to radically reform the national legal system, to form a legal culture in society and to train qualified legal personnel.

Every member of society must be aware of his rights and duties and responsibilities, and understand this as a vital need. The fact that the worldview of our citizens changes in accordance with the life of the country, innovations is closely linked with the concept of legal culture. President Sh. Mirziyoyev commented on the

essence of the ongoing democratic reforms in the country in the book "Strategy of New Uzbekistan": "In recent years, as a result of gradual socio-political reforms that have covered all aspects of life in our society, the consciousness of our people, along with changes in their worldview, the work methods and activities of management and officials have also acquired a new quality and modern content [7.82], emphasizes that.

Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan № PF-5618 "On radical improvement of the system of raising legal awareness and legal culture in society" adopted on January 9, 2019 became an important document defining the important tasks ahead in this direction.

An important aspect of the decree is that the existing shortcomings in this area are listed one by one. As noted in the document, we can not say that today the population has a comprehensive approach to the work of instilling respect for the law and the rules of ethics, intolerance of crime. Insufficient efforts to inculcate the idea of maintaining a balance between personal and public interests have a negative impact on the rule of law. Recently, in various regions of the country, there have been occasional articles on the global information network about cases of discrimination against citizens by officials. The main reason for this is the lack of legal knowledge among citizens [5].

In addition, the work on legal education and upbringing of young people in raising the legal culture is not carried out systematically and systematically. For many years, this issue has been viewed as the work of law enforcement agencies and educational institutions, with insufficient participation of family, community and civil society institutions. Frankly, advocacy activities are often limited to ineffective seminars, roundtables and similar meetings, and it is

clear that innovative methods are not used enough in the advocacy process. This has a negative impact on the development of our society. There is no comprehensive approach to the formation of legal immunity against the factors that negatively affect the legal education of young people, respect for the law and morality, loyalty to national values, intolerance of crime. The level of legal awareness and legal culture is determined not by the number of laws passed, but by the full implementation of these laws. In this important work, it is especially important to instill in people a sense of respect for laws and regulations.

Based on these criteria, the decree states in the minds of citizens that “the establishment of a spirit of respect for the law in society is the key to building a democratic state governed by the rule of law!” to strengthen the idea of life, it is emphasized that one of the primary tasks is to form a system of consistent communication of the content of the ongoing socio-economic reforms, adopted legislation and state programs in the country.

Based on this, on June 22, 2020, the National Human Rights Strategy was adopted. The purpose of the strategy is to define the main tasks and directions of the implementation of the state policy on ensuring human rights and freedoms in Uzbekistan. Priorities of the national strategy –

- Protection of personal and political rights,
- Protection of economic, social and cultural rights and sustainable development,
- Improving implementation and monitoring mechanisms,
- Improving legal literacy in the field of human rights,
- Development of international cooperation in the field of human rights protection.

At the same time, the development of legal awareness and legal culture in society is organized systematically and organically on the principle of “person - family - community - educational institution - organization – society”. Indeed, nothing can equal the importance of legal education in inculcating the foundations of law, the essence of the Constitution and laws, new legal documents, legal norms in the minds and hearts of people, especially young people.

In particular, we need to form and develop a legal culture in society, radically improve the promotion of legal education and knowledge in our country, the delivery of adopted regulations to the executors, support targeted measures aimed at raising public awareness of the purpose and content of the adopted laws. After all, only a citizen who is free, knows his rights and obligations, respects the law and applicable regulations, can fully exercise his/her rights.

I think it is worth mentioning a comment here. Today, the issue of developing our laws in a language that is understandable to ordinary people is also relevant. It is advisable to prepare draft laws in Uzbek and then translate them into Russian. In practice, a number of draft laws have been drafted in Russian and then translated into Uzbek, leaving some sentences vague and incomprehensible.

In addition, it would be appropriate if the names of the websites that deliver the legislation to the population are expressed in Uzbek, in short. For example, the current name of the portal for discussion of draft normative legal acts of the Republic of Uzbekistan - www.regulation.gov.uz - is probably understandable for professionals, intellectuals, but it is difficult to say that it is memorable for ordinary citizens. Given that the majority of the population of Uzbekistan speaks Uzbek, we believe that if such public interactive portals are called in Uzbek, they will be understandable to

everyone. In particular, it would be useful to name in Uzbek the name of the legal information system (Advice.uz), which includes a portal for free consultations to the population, established in accordance with the concept of raising legal culture in society. In this regard, my opinion - the name of the portal of collective appeals (www.meningfikrim.uz) is an example of its widespread popularity among the general population, especially among young people. Therefore, the names of Uzbek-language websites do not need to be in English. In other words, the information provided on these sites on legal issues, the fact that most people read the explanations is to some extent related to this factor.

CONCLUSION

In short, the timely implementation of important directions and tasks to raise legal awareness and legal culture in the society, defined in the decree, requires responsibility and dedication from us, lawyers and intellectuals. As the head of our state noted, “the rule of law and the interests of the people are the key to the development of the country and the well-being of the people”.

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